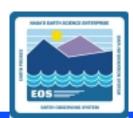


PROBLEM MANAGEMENT

ECS Release 5B Training

Overview of Lesson



- Introduction
- Writing a Trouble Ticket (TT)
- Documenting Changes
- Problem Resolution
- Preparing a TT Telecon and Processing a TT through the Failure Review Process
- Making Emergency Fixes
 - Help Desk Triage Team
- Practical Exercises
 - Writing a Trouble Ticket
 - Documenting TT Changes

Objectives



OVERALL:

Develop proficiency in trouble ticketing and problem resolution procedures

• SPECIFIC:

- Submit a trouble ticket (TT)
- Make changes to an existing TT
- Describe the steps in the routine problem resolution process
- Describe the steps in preparing a TT Telecon and processing a TT through the problem resolution process
- Describe the process of making emergency fixes

STANDARD:

 Mission Operation Procedures for the ECS Project -611-CD-500-002

Importance



- All internal users of ECS are affected
- If a problem occurs with ECS hardware, software, documentation, or procedures, it is necessary to apply problem management tools and procedures

Writing a Trouble Ticket (TT)



- Electronic document for:
 - Reporting/recording problems
 - Recording an idea for a system enhancement
- Problems affect the following ECS components:
 - hardware
 - software
 - technical documents
 - procedures







- TTs are submitted by...
 - users in the science community
 - ECS operators/staff
 - ECS developers

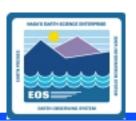


- new
- assigned
- solution proposed
- implement solution
- solution implemented
- closed
- forwarded
- work around
- not repeatable





- If a configuration change is required, a Configuration Change Request (CCR) is prepared.
 - provides documentation for the configuration management process
 - a TT leads to a CCR only when a configuration change is proposed



- ECS Trouble Ticketing System provides a consistent means of...
 - reporting ECS problems
 - classifying problems
 - tracking the occurrence and resolution of problems



Trouble Ticketing System

- managed by Remedy's Action Request System
- provides Graphical User Interface (GUI)
- provides a common entry format
- stores TTs
- retrieves TTs
- transfers TTs between facilities
- produces reports
- provides e-mail interface (automatic notification)
- provides application programming interface
- provides summary information to SMC
- defines TT "life cycle"
- allows customized escalation and action rules



- Trouble Ticketing System methods of submitting TTs or checking TT status:
 - Remedy (Action Request System)
 - custom hypertext markup language (HTML) documents
 - text e-mail template
 - contacting a User Services representative at one of the DAACs
 - by telephone
 - in person



- User Services Contact Log
 - separate Remedy schema (GUI) for recording user contacts
 - clicking a button transfers data from the contact log to the appropriate fields on a trouble ticket form



- Writing/Submitting Trouble Tickets
 - external users
 - HTML documents
 - e-mail template
 - contacting User Services
 - internal operators and users
 - Remedy Action Request System



- TTs are handled electronically
 - common distributed-access database system
 - Remedy is the database tool
- Supporting documentation must be handled separately
 - not possible to attach a file in Remedy
 - via e-mail to the TT database administrator
 - sending/giving it to the TT database administrator
 - SMC Configuration Management (CM) Administrator
 - SEO/SOS Operations Readiness and Performance Assurance Analyst
 - DAAC Operations Readiness and Performance Assurance Analyst

Writing a Trouble Ticket (Cont.): Procedure



- Access Remedy User Tool
 - Follow procedure to access Remedy
- Log in if first-time user
- Select RelB-Trouble Tickets Schema
 - File menu
 - Open Schema
- Select Open Submit
 - File menu

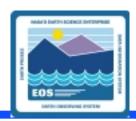
Writing a Trouble Ticket (Cont.): Release B Trouble Tickets Schema

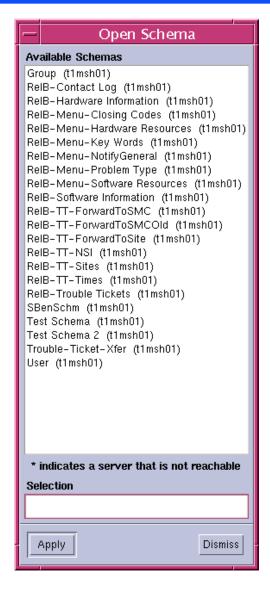


Action Request System — RelB-Trouble Tickets (t1msh01) File Edit Query Actions Macros Mindows	Help
Life First afreid Hostons Washing Statemen	
Ticket -ld Ticket Status Clear Assigned-Priority Clear Forward Closed TT to SMC	
Short Description Submitter Impact Clear =	These entries
Long-Description Forward-to	may not
Forwarded-from	appear
Resolution Log (End User Sees) Detailed Resolution Log Forwarded-by	on your window,
Forward-date	depending on your assigned
Submitter ID Assigned-To Closing Code Unique-Identifier I	authorizations.
Submitter Name Last −modified −by Closed −by	
Submitter Phone Create – date Close – date Forwarded – to – 2 I I I I	= ;
Submitter eMail Last-Modified-date Software Resource Forwarded-to-3 I	-
Submitter Home DAAC Related CCR Hardware Resource Forwarded-to-4	i
History Key Words Associated Contact Log Hardware Information	<u> </u>
Problem Type Duplicate Master Id	
CI Goto Contact Log	
List All Masters	
List This TT's Duplicate(s)	
() " + - " / % = != < > <= >= LIKE AND OR NOT Fields	
Query	

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Writing a Trouble Ticket (Cont.): "Open Schema" Window





Note: Not all choices may appear on your window, depending on your assigned authorizations.

Writing a Trouble Ticket (Cont.): Trouble Ticket "Submit" Window

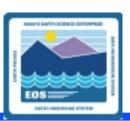


F	-	Submit RelB-	Trouble Tickets (t1msh01)		
	Ticket-ld VATC Ticket St	Status New =	Assigned-Priority	Forward Closed TT to SMC]
	Short Description I Long-Description I		Submitter Impact Low =	Forward Open TT To A Site	These entries I may not I appear
	Resolution Log (End User Sees)	Detailed Resolu I	ution Log	Forwarded-by Forward-date	on your window, depending on your assigned
	Submitter ID	Assigned-To	Closing Code	Unique-Identifier	authorizations.
	Submitter Name	Last-modified-by	Closed-by	Forwarded-to-1	j
	Submitter Phone	Create-date	Close-date	Forwarded-to-2	;
	Submitter eMail	Last-Modified-date	Software Resource	Forwarded-to-3	
	Submitter Home DAAC	Related CCR	Hardware Resource	Forwarded-to-4	
	History I CI	Key Words I Problem Type I	Hardware Information Duplicate Master Id	Associated Contact Log Id I Goto Contact Log	
			List All Masters List This TT's Duplicate(s)		
	Nephul		Clear Sat to Defaulte	Diemice	

Writing a Trouble Ticket (Cont.): Procedure



- Type a short description of the problem
 - Short Description field
- Fill in Submitter ID
 - Submitter ID field
 - Use pick-list
- Select Submitter Impact
 - High, Medium or Low
 - Optional
 - Low is default



- Fill in optional data:
 - Long Description
 - Software Resource
 - Hardware Resource
- Verify data
- Submit the TT
 - click on the Apply button
 - confirmation message appears at bottom of window
 - Remedy also sends confirmation by e-mail



- Exit from the Remedy Action Request System
 - Dismiss button
 - File menu
- Send backup information/documentation to the TT database administrator
 - send e-mail cover message
 - identify TT number
 - provide Submitter ID
 - include relevant information concerning attachments

Documenting Changes



- Trouble tickets are modified at various stages of problem resolution, for example:
 - assignment to a technician for problem resolution
 - resolution log entries
 - changes of status
 - forwarding to another site
- Access privileges
 - controlled by the database administrator
 - determine which TT fields an operator/user may modify

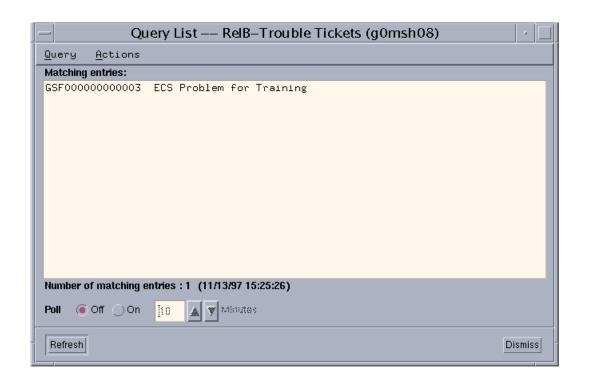
Documenting Changes (Cont.): Reviewing and Modifying Open TTs



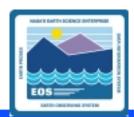
- Access Remedy User Tool
 - Follow procedure to access Remedy
- Select RelB-Trouble Tickets Schema
 - File menu
 - Open Schema
- List TTs
 - Query menu

Documenting Changes (Cont.): Trouble Ticket "Query List" Window



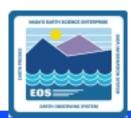


Documenting Changes (Cont.): Reviewing and Modifying Open TTs



- Highlight/select the TT to be reviewed/modified
- Select Modify Individual
 - Query menu
- Review/Modify TT fields
- If forwarding the TT:
 - set Ticket Status at Forwarded
 - select (from pick-list) the center to receive the TT
 - click on the Forward button

Documenting Changes (Cont.): Reviewing and Modifying Open TTs



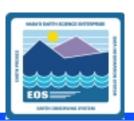
- Apply changes
 - click on the Apply button
- Exit from the Remedy Action Request System
 - Dismiss button
 - File menu

Problem Resolution



- Overview of Problem Resolution
 - Every trouble ticket (TT) is logged into the Remedy database for record-keeping purposes
 - Each TT is evaluated first at the local center
 - determine the severity of the problem
 - assign on-site responsibility for investigating the problem
 - TTs that can be resolved locally are assigned and tracked at the local center

Problem Resolution (Cont.)



- Overview of Problem Resolution (Cont.)
 - System-level problems or those that cannot be resolved locally are escalated to the agenda of the trouble ticket teleconference ("TT Telecon")
 - sponsored by the Maintenance & Operations (M&O) organization
 - held daily
 - functions as the review forum for ECS failures or malfunctions
 - participants discuss TTs referred from the sites to the System Monitoring and Coordination Center (SMC) and coordinate TT activities within the M&O organization as well as with development, customer, and user organizations

Problem Resolution (Cont.)



- Operations Supervisor reviews TTs and assigns rating based on perceived impact
- TT Telecon subsequently assigns maintenance priorities by triage
- Triage system of maintenance priorities
 - system for assessing adverse effects on mission success on the basis of the following factors:
 - scope of the problem's effects (impact)
 - frequency of occurrence
 - availability of an adequate work-around

Problem Resolution: Priorities



As Documented in NASA 420-05-03	As Used/Interpreted by M&O
Category 1: System/Service cannot perform critical function or imposes major safety hazard. (Priority 1) Presents an immediate impact to development, operations, services, or data processing functions; imposes major safety hazard to personnel, systems, or space mission resources; or results in loss of one or more essential mission objectives.	HIGH (Priority 1): An NCR for which no workaround exists or an NCR for which no workaround can be accommodated by DAAC operators given a detailed workaround procedure is documented but the procedure is inadequate based upon the complexity of the procedure, the abilities of an adequately trained and experienced operator, or both; and the consequence of the occurrence causes: - the unrecoverable loss of data, - the system to be unable to ingest, process, or distribute data, - the system to be unable to support user searches for available data, or - the operator to be unable to startup, shutdown or determine the status of system components.
Category 2: System/Service substantially impaired. (Priority 2) Substantially impacts development, operations, services, or data processing functions; fails to operate within critical performance specifications; or cannot effectively or efficiently fulfill baseline requirements.	MEDIUM (Priority 2): An NCR for which a workaround exists <u>but</u> the frequency of occurrence is expected to be more than approximately once per day, the occurrence cannot be anticipated, <u>and</u> the impact is such that system performance is degraded to a point that there is reasonable risk that 24 hours of work cannot be accommodated within a 24 hour period.
Category 3: System/Service slightly impaired. (Priority 3) Causes minor or no substantial impact to development, operations, services, or data processing functions. Support may be degraded, but mission can still be accomplished.	Priority 3: Every other kind of problem (System/ Service slightly impaired).
	Priority 4: Improvement (Nuisance; e.g., a typo). Priority 5: Enhancement (Identified for next release).

Problem Resolution: TT Review Board



- Each site establishes TT Review Board (TTRB)
 - Considers problems and proposed solutions
 - Reviews/approves locally assigned priorities
 - Remedy (TT tool) uses high, medium, and low priorities
 - Adjudicates trouble tickets within limits of its authority
 - Refers high-priority TTs to SMC and TT Telecon
 - Manages medium-priority TTs
 - Medium- and low-priority TTs typically handled locally
 - Problems that affect multiple sites forwarded to SMC
 - Generates CCR for system enhancements
 - Issues implementing instructions for locally-handled TTs
 - Directs closure of TTs for locally fixed and verified problems

Problem Resolution: TT Telecon

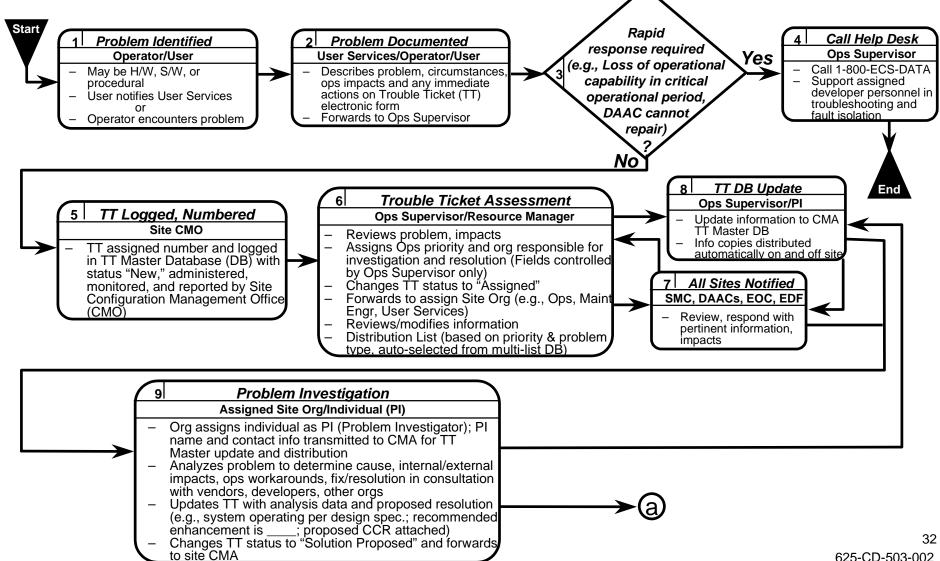


TT Telecon

- reviews high-priority TTs
- acknowledges TTRB response to mediumpriority problems
- coordinates TT activities within M&O and with development, customer and user organizations

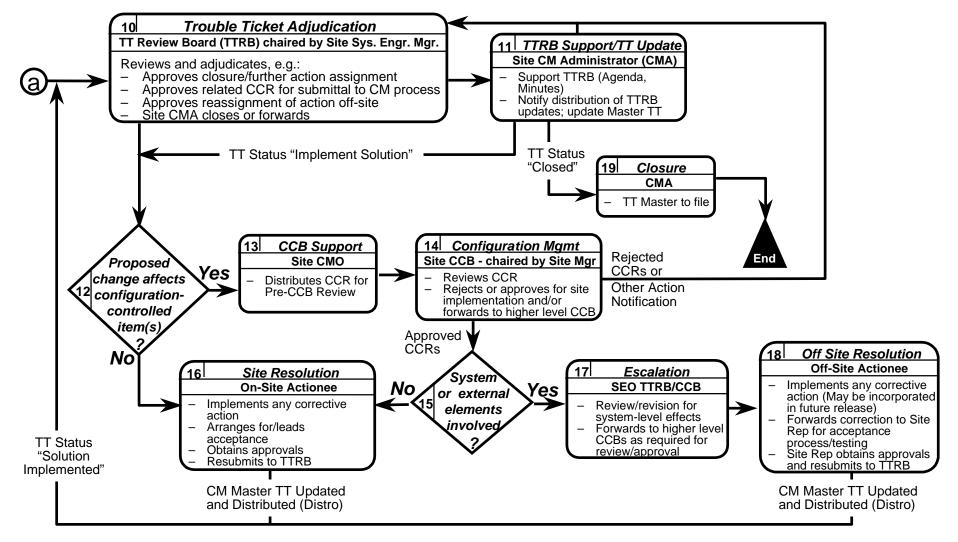
Problem Resolution (Cont.) Problem Management Concept Pt. I





Problem Resolution (Cont.) Problem Management Concept Pt. II



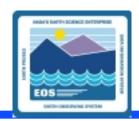


Problem Resolution (Cont.): Process



- User/operator discovers problem (Step 1)
- User/operator or User Services submits a TT (Step 2)
- Operations supervisor decides whether or not a rapid response is required (Step 3)
- If rapid response is required, Operations Supervisor calls 1-800-ECS DATA (Step 4)
- Otherwise, Remedy logs TT into system and assigns status ("New") to initiate administration and monitoring by the Site Configuration Management Office (CMO) (Step 5)

Problem Resolution (Cont.): Process



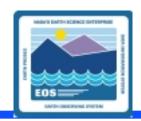
- Operations Supervisor reviews TT, assigns priority, assigns problem to Problem Investigator (PI), and changes TT status to "Assigned" (Step 6)
- CM Administrator notifies affected centers (if any) (Step 7)
 - may forward TT to other center(s)
 - may send e-mail message with information
- TT database administrator updates database with inputs (Step 8)

Problem Resolution (Cont.): Process



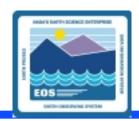
- PI coordinates inputs from various sources; presents significant issues (if any) at TT Telecon; updates TT database after finding a prpoposed solution to the problem; changes TT status to "Solution Proposed" (Step 9)
- TT Review Board (TTRB) considers problem; approves, rejects or revises proposed solution; TTRB is supported by the site CM Administrator (CMA) (Steps 10 & 11)
- TTRB decides whether proposed change affects a configuration controlled item and therefore needs to be referred to the CCB(s) (Step 12)

Problem Resolution (Cont.): Process



- For a configuration issue, site CMO distributes
 CCR for pre-CCB review (Step 13)
- Site CCB may approve, reject or revise change proposals (CCRs) (Step 14)
 - TTRB is notified of any rejected CCR and reconsiders the TT accordingly
- Site CCB decides whether system-wide or external elements are involved, necessitating referral to higher level CCB (Step 15)
- If proposed change does not affect a configuration controlled item, or if a site-approved CCR is not referred to higher level CCBs, solution may be implemented at site; TT status is changed to "Solution Implemented" (Step 16)

Problem Resolution (Cont.): Process



- If external elements are involved and/or a CCR is escalated, off-site problem resolution process is managed by the SEO TTRB (Step 17)
 - may revise a proposed solution if there are system-level effects
- Off-site resolution may include corrective action incorporated in a future release; correction is forwarded to site representative for testing/ acceptance; TT status is changed to "Solution Implemented" (Step 18)
- TTRB approves closure/further action assignment; TT status is changed to "Closed" and CMA files TT Master (Step 19)

Problem Resolution (Cont.)

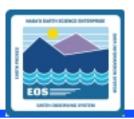


- Trouble ticket and problem tracking scenario
 - registered science end-user submits a Trouble Ticket
 - routine (non-emergency) problem
- Problem scenario tracked through Trouble Ticket Review Board



- All Category-1 and -2 problems are submitted to the TT Telecon
 - Category 1 for review and approval
 - Category 2 for acknowledgment and advice
- TT Telecon coordinates TT activities within M&O and with development, customer and user organizations

TT Telecon (Cont.): TT Telecon Attendees



- Customer representatives
- ECS M&O Manager or designee (chairs Telecon)
- DAAC representatives
- SEO engineering team leads
- ECS ILS engineering support representatives
- ECS engineering team leads and operations representatives
- ECS M&O support staff
- ECS development organization representatives

TT Telecon (Cont.): TT Agenda/Discussion



- Review and prioritize each TT opened at each center
- Review and re-prioritize older TTs (as required)
- Assign TT work-off responsibility to one organization
- Review distribution of TTs by organization, priority and age
- Determine which new TTs to forward to DDTS for processing as Non-Conformance Reports (NCRs) at EDF



- Agenda items may be supplemented or replaced with hardcopy or softcopy reports
- Material from the meeting is distributed within each ECS organization and to customer and user organizations as required



- TT Telecon obtains all necessary assistance to ensure thorough analysis of the problem
 - may obtain assistance from system hardware suppliers
 - coordinates investigations and remedial actions with the appropriate project personnel from the National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA)
 - assures proper documentation of investigations and remedial actions
 - ensures that configuration changes (if any) are made in accordance with the configuration management procedures



- Conditions to be verified before a malfunction report may be closed out:
 - remedial and preventive actions completed on item
 - preventive design changes completed and verified
 - effective preventive actions established to prevent problems with other affected items

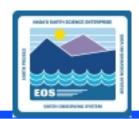


- Both TT Telecon (first) and NASA must officially approve each Category-1 problem resolution to close it out
- Red Flag reports
 - are highlighted at Government assurance reviews
 - must have their resolution approved by both:
 - contractor project manager
 - Government EOS Project Manager

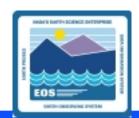
Making Emergency Fixes



- Procedure varies
 - nature of the problem
 - from ECS center to ECS center
- Issues for providing a common framework for emergency responses to crisis-level situations:
 - contingency plans
 - points of contact
 - general guidelines
- General process not specific procedure
 - model process: Hardware Emergency Change Scenario (604-CD-003-002)



- Operator detects problem with ATL on Saturday evening; submits a TT
- System administrator confirms problem; notifies site maintenance engineer
- Maintenance engineer confirms problem
- Maintenance engineer reports problem to OEM
- OEM maintenance representative arrives, verifies symptoms, diagnoses faulty controller card; only spare available is of a later version



- Maintenance engineer reports situation to operations supervisor
- Operations supervisor calls DAAC manager at home to report situation; DAAC manager approves board replacement with newer version contingent on acceptable testing results
- OEM maintenance representative installs replacement board
- Sustaining engineer tests new board; brings ATL back on line



- Sustaining engineer generates CCR to document the configuration change
- Maintenance engineer records board replacement on TT, referencing CCR
- Maintenance engineer closes TT
- Maintenance engineer updates TT system property record with data on new board
- Sustaining engineer records installation in CCR; routes CCR to CM administrator



- CM administrator decides whether to refer CCR to CCB
- CM administrator updates Baseline Manager
- ECS SEO/SOS reviews CCR to determine effects on ECS system and other sites
- ESDIS CCB receives copy of CCR for review and concurrence
- CM administrator closes CCR when CCB has ratified the change

Help Desk



- Established at EDF as single point of contact to provide quick response for critical ECS operational problems
 - assist DAAC staffs with critical operational problems in the minimum time possible
 - document all critical operational problems and make information available via the SMC home page
 - train DAAC staffs for greater self-sufficiency
 - perform weekly trend analyses on trouble reports and report the results to ECS management
 - write Severity 1 non-conformance reports where fixes or work-arounds are not possible and the reported problem has not yet been documented
- Access: 1-800-ECS-DATA (1-800-327-3282)